

**AGENDA ITEM NO: 10** 

Report To: Inverclyde Integration Joint Board Date: 19 March 2019

Report By: Louise Long Report No: IJB/12/2019/HW

Corporate Director (Chief Officer) Inverclyde Health & Social Care

**Partnership** 

Contact Officer: Helen Watson Contact No: 01475 715285

**Head of Strategy & Support** 

Services

Subject: MINISTERIAL STRATEGIC GROUP FOR HEALTH AND

COMMUNITY CARE: REVIEW OF PROGRESS WITH

**INTEGRATION** 

### 1.0 PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide an update on the Ministerial Strategic Group's review of progress of integration.

## 2.0 SUMMARY

- 2.1 In May 2018, the then Cabinet Secretary for Health and Sport committed to a national review of progress of health and social care integration. This was taken forward by a small leadership group of senior officers, chaired by Paul Gray (Director General: Health and Social Care and Chief Executive of NHS Scotland) and Sally Louden (Chief Executive of COSLA). The Chief Officer of Glasgow City HSCP has represented Chief Officers on the group, and the voluntary and independent sectors have also been key members.
- 2.2 Officers will discuss the recommendations and bring relevant updates to the IJB as these are developed.

#### 3.0 RECOMMENDATION

3.1 The Integration Joint Board is asked to approve the contents of the report, and direct officers to bring an action plan to a future meeting of the IJB.

Louise Long Chief Officer

#### 4.0 BACKGROUND

- 4.1 In May 2018, the then Cabinet Secretary for Health and Sport committed to a national review of progress of health and social care integration. This was taken forward by a small leadership group of senior officers, chaired by Paul Gray (Director General: Health and Social Care and Chief Executive of NHS Scotland) and Sally Louden (Chief Executive of COSLA). The Chief Officer of Glasgow City HSCP has represented Chief Officers on the group, and the voluntary and independent sectors have also been key members.
- 4.2 The leadership group undertook its review on the context of the recent Audit Scotland Report on integration, which recommends that successful integration is predicated on 6 key features. The Review Group considered each of these recommendations and endorsed them for implementation.

#### 5.0 NEXT STEPS

5.1 This is a challenging report with a number of complex issues which require consideration. Officers are in discussion with colleagues in Health, the Council, other IJBs and Scottish Government in respect of the report recommendations. Further updates will be brought to the IJB as this work is developed.

#### 6.0 DIRECTIONS

6.1		Direction to:		
		No Direction Required		
	Council, Health Board		Inverclyde Council	
	or Both	3.	NHS Greater Glasgow & Clyde (GG&C)	
		4.	Inverclyde Council and NHS GG&C	Χ

### 7.0 IMPLICATIONS

### **FINANCE**

7.1 There are no direct financial implications within this report.

One off Costs

Cost Centre	Budget Heading	Budget Years	Proposed Spend this Report £000	Virement From	Other Comments
N/A					

Annually Recurring Costs / (Savings)

Cost Centre	Budget Heading	With Effect from	Annual Net Impact £000	Virement From	Other Comments
N/A					

### **LEGAL**

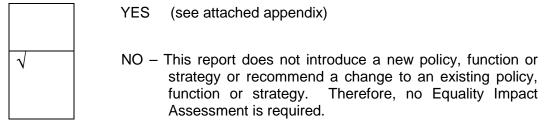
7.2 There are no specific legal implications arising from this report, although the proposals of the Ministerial Strategic Group indicate that some additional statutory guidance is likely to be issued in the coming months.

### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

7.3 There are no specific human resources implications arising from this report.

### **EQUALITIES**

- 7.4 There are no equality issues within this report.
- 7.4.1 Has an Equality Impact Assessment been carried out?



7.4.2 How does this report address our Equality Outcomes

There are no Equalities Outcomes implications within this report.

Equalities Outcome	Implications
People, including individuals from the above protected characteristic groups, can access HSCP services.	None
Discrimination faced by people covered by the protected characteristics across HSCP services is reduced if not eliminated.	None
People with protected characteristics feel safe within their communities.	None
People with protected characteristics feel included in the planning and developing of services.	None
HSCP staff understand the needs of people with different protected characteristic and promote diversity in the work that they do.	None
Opportunities to support Learning Disability service users experiencing gender based violence are maximised.	None
Positive attitudes towards the resettled refugee community in Inverclyde are promoted.	None

### 7.5 CLINICAL OR CARE GOVERNANCE IMPLICATIONS

There are no governance issues within this report.

## 7.6 NATIONAL WELLBEING OUTCOMES

How does this report support delivery of the National Wellbeing Outcomes

There are no National Wellbeing Outcomes implications within this report.

National Wellbeing Outcome	Implications
People are able to look after and improve their own health and wellbeing and live in good health for longer.	None
People, including those with disabilities or long term conditions or who are frail are able to live, as far as reasonably practicable, independently and at home or in a homely setting in their community	None
People who use health and social care services have positive experiences of those services, and have their dignity respected.	The spirit of the proposals is to improve integration, and actively extend it to in-scope hospital services. This should improve service user experience.
Health and social care services are centred on helping to maintain or improve the quality of life of people who use those services.	None
Health and social care services contribute to reducing health inequalities.	None
People who provide unpaid care are supported to look after their own health and wellbeing, including reducing any negative impact of their caring role on their own health and wellbeing.	The explicit requirements to support carers will help to anchor current good practice.
People using health and social care services are safe from harm.	The explicit requirements around clinical and care governance will help to anchor current good practice.
People who work in health and social care services feel engaged with the work they do and are supported to continuously improve the information, support, care and treatment they provide.	The explicit requirements around information-sharing, benchmarking and learning will help to anchor current good practice.
Resources are used effectively in the provision of health and social care services.	Clarity around budgets and additional support for commissioning will support more effective use of resources.

# 8.0 CONSULTATION

8.1 This report has been prepared by the Head of Strategy & Support Services in consultation with other members of the Senior Management Team.

### REVIEW OF PROGRESS WITH INTEGRATION OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL CARE

## PROPOSALS FROM THE REVIEW LEADERSHIP GROUP

**1 FEBRUARY 2019** 

## **Background**

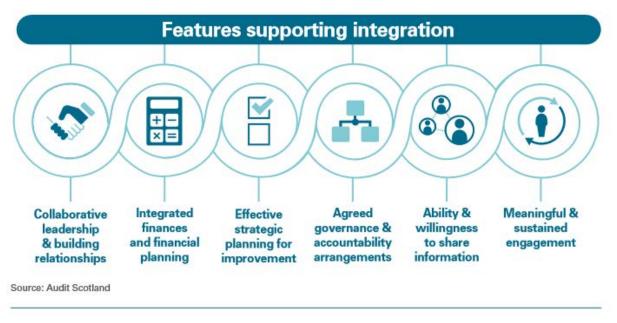
- 1. At a health debate in Parliament on 2 May 2018, the then Cabinet Secretary for Health and Sport undertook that a review of progress by Integration Authorities would be taken forward with the Ministerial Strategic Group for Health and Community Care, and that outputs arising from any further action stemming from such a review would be shared with the Health and Sport Committee of the Scottish Parliament.
- 2. At its meeting on 20 June 2018, the Ministerial Strategic Group agreed that the review would be taken forward via a small "leadership" group of senior officers chaired by Paul Gray (Director General Health and Social Care and Chief Executive of NHS Scotland) and Sally Loudon (Chief Executive of COSLA). A larger group of senior stakeholders has acted as a "reference" group to the leadership group.
- 3. Membership of the review leadership group is as follows:
- Paul Gray (co-chair) (Director General for Health and Social Care and Chief Executive of NHSScotland)
- Sally Loudon (co-chair) (Chief Executive of COSLA)
- Paul Hawkins (Chief Executive of NHS Fife, representing NHS Chief Executives)
- Andrew Kerr (Chief Executive of Edinburgh City Council, representing SOLACE)
- David Williams (Chief Officer of Glasgow City IJB and Chair of the Chief Officers' network, representing IJB Chief Officers)
- Annie Gunner Logan (Chief Executive of CCPS, representing the third sector)
- Donald MacAskill (Chief Executive of Scottish Care, representing the independent sector)
- 4. The work of the review leadership group followed this timetable:

Meeting date	Topics for discussion				
24/09/18	Finance: agreeing, delegating and using integrated budgets				
23/10/18	Governance and commissioning arrangements, including clinical and care governance				
27/11/18	Delivery and improving outcomes including consideration of the Audit Scotland report on integration (published 15/11/18)				
19/12/18	Conclusions and agreement on recommendations, to be reported to the MSG on 23/01/19				

5. This report draws together the group's proposals for ensuring the success of integration.

## Audit Scotland report

- 1. The group recognised that the Audit Scotland report on integration that was published on 15 November 2018 provides important evidence for changes that are needed to deliver integration well. The group noted their agreement with Audit Scotland's recommendations, which can be found here: (<a href="http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/report/health-and-social-care-integration-update-on-progress">http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/report/health-and-social-care-integration-update-on-progress</a>). The group recommends that these recommendations should be acted upon in full by the statutory health and social care partners in Scotland. In addition, the group noted that workforce issues were not considered in any detail in the audit, but recommends that those should be a key focus for statutory and non-statutory partners taking forward integration.
- 2. The group noted specifically that exhibit 7 from the Audit Scotland report, reproduced below, provides a helpful framework within which to make progress. The group agreed to set out its proposals, in this report, under the headings identified in the exhibit, each of which was considered fully in turn.



- 3. As a group, we decided to set out "proposals" rather than "recommendations" to underline that the commitments our proposals make are a shared endeavour, which we are each signed up to on a personal level as senior leaders and on behalf of our respective organisations. We have used "we" throughout the proposals set out in this document to further emphasise this.
- 4. In our review work, we recognised, as the Audit Scotland report does, that there is good practice developing, both in terms of how Integration Joint Boards (IJBs) are operating, and in how services are being planned and delivered to ensure better outcomes. However, this is not yet the case in all areas. We know there are challenges we must address and want to make use of good practice to drive forward change and reform to truly deliver integration for the people of Scotland.

# **Leadership Group Proposals**

Our proposals focus on our shared responsibility to improve outcomes for people using health and social care services in Scotland. They are a reflection of our shared commitment to making integration work, set out in our joint statement from September 2018.

# 1. Collaborative leadership and building relationships

## We propose that:

1. (i) All leadership development will be focused on shared and collaborative practice. An audit of existing national leadership programmes will be undertaken by the Scottish Government and COSLA to identify gaps and areas of synergy to support integration of health and social care. Further work will be delivered on cross-sectoral leadership development and support.

Timescale: 6 months

1. (ii) Relationships and collaborative working between partners must improve. Statutory partners in particular must seek to ensure an improved understanding of pressures, cultures and drivers in different parts of the system in order to promote opportunities for more open, collaborative and partnership working, as required by integration.

Timescale: 12 months

1. (iii) Relationships with the third and independent sectors must improve. Each partnership will critically evaluate the effectiveness of their working arrangements and relationships with colleagues in the third and independent sectors, and take action to address any issues.

Timescale: 12 months

## 2. Integrated finances and financial planning

## We propose that:

2. (i) Health Boards, Local Authorities and IJBs should have a joint understanding of their respective financial positions as they relate to integration. In each partnership area the Chief Executive of the Health Board and the Local Authority, and the Chief Officer of the IJB, while considering the service impact of decisions, should together request consolidated advice on the financial position as it applies to their shared interests under integration from, respectively, the NHS Director of Finance, the Local Authority S95 Officer and the IJB S95 Officer.

**Timescale:** By 1<sup>st</sup> April 2019 and thereafter each year by end March.

2. (ii) **Delegated budgets for IJBs must be agreed timeously.** The recently published financial framework for health and social care sets out an expectation of moving away from annual budget planning processes towards more medium term arrangements. To support this requirement for planning ahead by Integration Authorities, a requirement should be placed upon statutory partners that all delegated budgets should be agreed by the Health Board, Local Authority and IJB by the end of March each year.

Timescale: By end of March 2019 and thereafter each year by end March

2. (iii) **Delegated hospital budgets and set aside requirements must be fully implemented**. Each Health Board, in partnership with the Local Authority and IJB, must fully implement the delegated hospital budget and set aside budget requirements of the legislation, in line with the statutory guidance published in June 2015. These arrangements must be in place in time for Integration Authorities to plan their use of their budgets in 2019/20. The Scottish Government Medium Term Financial Framework includes an assumption of efficiencies from reduced variation in hospital care coupled with 50% reinvestment in the community to sustain improvement. The set aside arrangements are key to delivering this commitment.

Timescale: 6 months

2. (iv) Each IJB must develop a transparent and prudent reserves policy. This policy will ensure that reserves are identified for a purpose and held against planned expenditure, with timescales identified for their use, or held as a general reserve as a contingency to cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies Reserves must not be built up unnecessarily.

Timescale: 3 months

2. (v) Statutory partners must ensure appropriate support is provided to IJB S95 Officers. This will include Health Boards and Local Authorities providing staff and resources to provide such support. Measures must be in place to ensure conflicts of interest for IJB S95 Officers are avoided – their role is to provide high quality financial support to the IJB. To ensure a consistent approach across the country, the existing statutory guidance should be amended by removing the last line in paragraph 4.3 recommendation 2, leaving the requirement for such support as follows:

It is recommended that the Health Board and Local Authority Directors of Finance and the Integration Joint Board financial officer establish a process of regular in-year reporting and forecasting to provide the Chief Officer with management accounts for both arms of the operational budget and for the Integration Joint Board as a whole. It is also recommended that each partnership area moves to a model where both the strategic and operational finance functions are undertaken by the IJB S95 officer: and that these functions are sufficiently resourced to provide effective financial support to the Chief Officer and the IJB.

Timescale: 6 months

2. (vi) IJBs must be empowered to use the totality of resources at their disposal to better meet the needs of their local populations. Local audits of the Health Board and Local Authority must take account of the expectation that money will be spent differently. We should be focused on outcomes, not which public body put in which pound to the pot. It is key that the resources held by IJBs lose their original identity and become a single budget on an ongoing basis. This does not take away from the need for the IJB to be accountable for these resources and their use.

**Timescale**: from 31<sup>st</sup> March 2019 onwards.



## 3. Effective strategic planning for improvement

## We propose that:

- 3. (i) Improved strategic inspection of health and social care is developed to better reflect integration. As part of this work, the Care Inspectorate and Healthcare Improvement Scotland will ensure that:
- As well as scrutinising strategic planning and commissioning processes, strategic inspections are fundamentally focused on what integrated arrangements are achieving in terms of outcomes for people.
- Joint strategic inspections examine the performance of the whole partnership the Health Board, Local Authority and IJB, and the contribution of non-statutory partners to integrated arrangements, individually and as a partnership.
- There is a more balanced focus across health and social care ensured in strategic inspections.

Timescale: 6 months

3. (ii) Improved strategic planning and commissioning arrangements must be put in place. Partnerships should critically analyse and evaluate the effectiveness of their strategic planning and commissioning arrangements, including establishing capacity and capability for this. Local Authorities and Health Boards will ensure support is provided for strategic planning and commissioning, including staffing and resourcing for the partnership, recognising this as a key responsibility of Integration Authorities.

Timescale: 12 months

3 (iii) Improved capacity for strategic commissioning of delegated hospital services must be in place. As implementation of proposal 2 (iii) takes place, a necessary step in achieving full delegation of the delegated hospital budget and set aside arrangements will be the development of strategic commissioning for this purpose. This will focus on planning delegated hospital capacity requirements and will require close working with the acute sector and other partnership areas using the same hospitals. This should evolve from existing capacity and plans for those services.

Timescale: 12 months

3 (iv) Statutory partners must ensure that Chief Officers are effectively supported and empowered to act on behalf of the IJB. This will include Health Boards and Local Authorities providing staff and resources to provide such support. The dual role of the Chief Officer makes it both challenging and complex, with competing demands between statutory delivery partners and the business of the IJB. Consideration must be made of the capacity and capability of Chief Officers and their senior teams to support the partnership's range of responsibilities beyond strategic planning.

Timescale: 12 months

# 4. Governance and accountability arrangements

## We propose that:

4. (i) The understanding of accountabilities and responsibilities between statutory partners must improve. The responsibility for decisions about the planning and strategic commissioning of all health and social care functions that have been delegated to the IJB sits wholly with the IJB as a statutory public body. Such decisions do not require ratification by the Health Board or the Local Authority, both of which are represented on the IJB. Statutory partners should ensure duplication is avoided and arrangements previously in place for making decisions that are now the responsibility of the IJB should be removed.

Timescale: 6 months

4. (ii) Accountability processes across statutory partners will be streamlined. Current arrangements for each statutory partner should be scoped and opportunities identified for better alignment, with a focus on better supporting integration and transparent public reporting. This will also ensure that different rules are not being applied to different parts of the system particularly in circumstances of shared accountability.

Timescale: 12 months

4. (iii) IJB chairs must be better supported to facilitate well run Boards capable of making effective decisions on a collective basis. There are well-functioning IJBs that have adopted an open and inclusive approach to decision making and which have gone beyond statutory requirements in terms of memberships to include representatives of key partners in integration, including the independent and housing sectors. This will assist in improving the effectiveness and inclusivity of decision making and establish IJBs as discrete and distinctive statutory bodies acting decisively to improve outcomes for their populations.

Timescale: 12 months

4. (iv) Clear directions must be provided by IJBs to Health Boards and Local Authorities. Revised statutory guidance will be developed on the use of directions in relation to strategic commissioning, emphasising that directions are issued at the end of a process of decision making that has involved partners. Directions must be recognised as a key means of clarifying responsibilities and accountabilities between statutory partners, and for ensuring delivery in line with decisions.

Timescale: 6 months

4. (v) Effective, coherent and joined up clinical and care governance arrangements must be in place. Revised statutory guidance will be developed based on wide ranging consultations with local partnerships, identifying good practice and involving all sectors.

Timescale: 6 months

# 5. Ability and willingness to share information

## We propose that:

5. (i) IJB annual performance reports will be benchmarked by Chief Officers to allow them to better understand their local performance data. Chief Officers will work together to consider, individually and as a group, whether their IJBs' annual reports can be further developed to improve consistency in reporting, better reflect progress and challenges in local systems, and ensure that, as a minimum, all statutorily required information is reported upon.

Timescale: By publication of next round of annual reports in July 2019

5. (ii) Identifying and implementing good practice will be systematically undertaken by all partnerships. Chief Officers will develop IJBs' annual reports to enable partnerships to identify, share and use examples of good practice, and lessons learned from things that have not worked. Inspection findings and reports from strategic inspections and service inspections should also provide a clear means of identifying and sharing good practice, based on implementation of the framework outlined below at 5 (iii) and the national health and social care standards.

Timescale: 6 - 12 months

5. (iii) A framework for community based health and social care integrated services will be developed. The framework will be key in identifying and promoting best practice in local systems to clearly illustrate what good looks like in community settings, which is firmly focused on improving outcomes for people. This work will be led by Scottish Government and COSLA, involving Chief Officers and other key partnership staff to inform the framework.

Timescale: 3 months

# 6. Meaningful and sustained engagement

# We propose that:

6. (i) Effective approaches for community engagement and participation must be put in place for integration. Revised statutory guidance will be developed by the Scottish Government and COSLA on local community engagement and participation based on existing good practice, to apply across health and social care bodies. Meaningful engagement is critically important to achieving the scale of change and reform required, and is an ongoing process that is not undertaken only when service change is proposed.

Timescale: 6 months

6. (ii) Improved understanding of effective working relationships with carers, people using services and local communities is required. Each partnership should critically evaluate the effectiveness of their working arrangements and relationships with people using services, carers and local communities. A focus on continuously improving and learning from best practice will be adopted in order to maximise meaningful and sustained engagement.

Timescale: 12 months

6. (iii) We will support carers and representatives of people using services better to enable their full involvement in integration. Carers and representatives of people using health and social care services will be supported by partnerships to enable meaningful engagement with their constituencies. This will support their input to Integration Joint Boards, strategic planning groups and locality arrangements for integration. This would include, for example, receipt of IJB papers with enough time to engage other carers and people using services in responding to issues raised. It would also include paying reasonable expenses for attending meetings.

Timescale: 6 -12 months

## In support of these proposals we will:

- Provide support with implementation;
- Prepare guidance and involve partners in the preparation of these;
- Assist with the identification and implementation of good practice;
- Monitor and evaluate progress in achieving proposals;
- Continue to provide leadership to making progress with integration.

## In support of these proposals we expect:

- Every Health Board, Local Authority and IJB will evaluate their current position in relation to this report and the Audit Scotland report, and take action to make progress using the support on offer.
- Partnerships to initiate or continue the necessary "tough conversations" to make integration work and to be clear about the risks being taken, and ensure mitigation of these is in place.
- Partnerships to be innovative in progressing integration.
- National improvement bodies, including Healthcare Improvement Scotland, Care Inspectorate, Improvement Service, National Services Scotland and others to work more collaboratively and to work with us to ensure improvement support is more streamlined, better targeted and focused on assisting partnerships to implement our proposals. This will include a consideration of the models for delivery of improvement support at a national and local level and a requirement to better meet the needs of integration partners.